Teen Drama Genre Conventions	Definition/Examples	Evidence in Ferris Bueller's Day Off
Character Stereotypes: Cliques –	Groups of students such as 'jocks/cheerleaders',	
can create a sense of segregation	'geeks/nerds', 'Loners', 'People who aren't in a clique'	
	(often the protagonist of the film)	
Mise-en- scene: Location -	In Mainstream Hollywood films these often tend to be	
Houses of main characters	situated in affluent suburban areas of major cities. Gives	
	the audience an insight into the home lives of the	
	character(s).	
Mise-en-scene: Location - High	Helps to emphasise the cliques and the segregation felt by	
school	the main character(s) who does not belong to a social	
	group. Audience can relate to this setting.	
Themes: Feeling like an outcast	Not having friends, feeling invisible and ignored.	
	Peer pressure - being tricked or pressured into doing things	
	e.g. smoking, drinking, dangerous behaviour.	
Themes: Rebellion	Teenage characters reject the notion of authority. Creates	
	conflict with parents, teachers, police etc.	
Themes: Sexuality	Another issue that teenagers can relate to. It is often the	
	time when young people are becoming more aware of their	
	sexuality.	
Themes: Mental health	A young person struggling with mental health is a	
	convention of some teen dramas. Anxiety and depression	
	are some of the most common issues they face.	
Props - Cigarettes, alcohol, and	Help to link with the convention of rebellion and the	
illegal substances	'coming of age' aspect of teen films. Many teenagers go	
	through this stage and can therefore relate.	
Characters: The love interest	A love interest for the film's protagonist is a key genre	
	feature. It creates a sense of romance for the audience.	
Characters: The best friend	A character type in nearly all teen dramas. Acts as a	
	sidekick/advisor to the main character. 'The Helper' in	
	Propp's character roles.	
Characters: The antagonist	The 'bad guy'. Usually a rival. The antagonist causes issues	
	for the protagonist. One of the most important characters	
	in the film because without them there would be no issue	
	and therefore no storyline.	
Viewpoint	From the teenager's POV. Often white, male, heterosexual	
	and privileged. Female lead roles more prominent from the	
	1990s onwards.	